

2007 FIELD CROPS HIGHLIGHTS

VALUE

The 2007 value of production for hay, peanuts, cotton and cottonseed, corn, pecans, soybeans, and wheat in Florida at \$200,076,000 increased by 20 percent or \$32,883,000 from the 2006 revised value of field crops of \$167,193,000, which included the value of tobacco. Estimates for tobacco were discontinued in 2007. The value of corn, cottonseed, hay, peanuts, pecan, soybeans, and wheat rose while the value of production for cotton declined.

ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION

Acreage harvested for field crops estimated (excluding sugarcane), totaled 556,000 acres for crop year 2007, up 6 percent or 33,900 acres from the 522,100 acres (which included tobacco acreage) harvested during the 2006 crop year. Corn, peanuts, hay, soybeans, and wheat showed increases from the previous year acres harvested. Cotton acres harvested and production decreased from the previous year.

SUGARCANE

The value for the 2006 crop of sugarcane was set at \$446,161,000 up 25 percent from the 2005 value of \$356,888,000. Sugarcane cash receipts made up 72 percent of Florida's cash receipts from field crops and 5 percent of all cash receipts from the marketing of Florida agricultural products. Florida continues to rank number one in the production of sugarcane nationwide. Sugarcane was the fifth leading commodity of the 2006 cash receipts in the State, exceeded by cash receipts from greenhouse and nursery, oranges, tomatoes, and cattle and calves. The production of sugarcane, along with greenhouse and nursery, citrus, tomatoes, and strawberries boosts Florida to the number five spot for cash receipts from crops nationwide with only California, Iowa, Illinois, and Texas having higher cash receipts from marketing of crops.

CROP WEATHER

Harvesting of sugarcane was in full swing in the Everglades region during **January**. Spotty rains around the State brought relief for dry soils in some areas, but left soil moisture short elsewhere, especially in the central and southern Peninsula. Throughout January, soils bounced back from dry conditions with the occasional shower.

Early **February** brought freezing temperatures, stopping the growth of most small grains in the Panhandle and northern Peninsula. Heavy rainfall slowed some sugarcane harvesting around Lake Okeechobee and eroded some fields in Panhandle localities. Soil moisture supplies improved in nearly all areas except a few southern Peninsula localities. As the month progressed, land preparation for field crop planting began in a few Panhandle areas. Some mature and recently planted sugarcane around Lake Okeechobee showed singed leaves due to freezing temperatures. However, sugarcane harvesting continued and crops recovered. Foliage growers in the central and southern Peninsula areas provided heat and overhead irrigation to plants for cold protection. The danger of wildfire in most of the central and southern Peninsulas was high.

Sugarcane harvesting continued near Lake Okeechobee for much of **March**. Despite showers, topsoil and subsoil moisture remained mostly short to adequate for the Panhandle and northern Peninsula. Soil moisture levels in the central and southern Peninsulas were short to very short. A few regions of Florida occasionally reported more than adequate soil moisture. Land preparations for spring planting advanced due to clear conditions in the Panhandle and northern Peninsula. However, cooler temperatures in this area slowed small grain and hay growth. By mid-March, rain slowed some sugarcane cutting around Lake Okeechobee, and by late March most mills closed as sugarcane harvesting seasonally slowed. In Jackson County, some field corn had germinated. Wheat was also in good condition, but in need of rain.

In early **April**, dry, hardened soils delayed field work in some areas, but most growers in the Panhandle and northern Peninsula were able to continue preparing the ground for spring plantings. Dry weather started to affect some small grains in the stage of head development and fill. In mid-April, cool temperatures also slowed development of crops, such as corn in the Panhandle and northern Peninsula. Rains temporarily brought increased soil moisture. Peanut and cotton planting preparations continued. By late April,

some growers in Jackson County delayed corn and cotton planting due to dry conditions. Peanuts were 5 percent planted and in need of significant rain. Soil moisture was mostly very short to short throughout the State. A few central counties reported short to adequate levels.

As **May** began, hay growth was stunted, causing severe shortages and rationing of supplies. Peanut and cotton producers planted mainly on irrigated acres and in the few fields that received rain. Acres without irrigation were mostly idle. The western Panhandle reported some peanuts germinated by mid-May. The acres of planted corn in this area were significantly above average. In Jackson County, wheat and oat yields were in good condition. By late May, corn that had come up began to wilt and show burn damage. Dry soils delayed most crop planting. Some growers planted to meet crop insurance deadlines, hoping for rain to aid germination; while others continued to hold off planting until adequate rain. In Washington County, most ground preparations for planting stopped and growers were unable to plant corn. In Dade County, nursery crops grew well due to rising humidity, but locusts ate some palm leaves.

Despite scattered showers to some areas, **June** followed the dry trend. Ample rains were needed to facilitate harvesting. Several field crops died due to the lack of precipitation. Even irrigated field crops did not progress normally. In several counties, corn was negatively impacted. Winter wheat harvest was delayed, but wrapped up with good yields. Peanut and cotton planting resumed upon the arrival of showers, giving a boost to the crop. However, previously planted peanuts and cotton did not come up as expected. About 20 percent of field crops required replanting in Panhandle areas. Some cotton in Santa Rosa was not replanted due to it being too late in the year. Some growers were also reluctant or unable to irrigate due to the high energy cost. Soil moisture levels remained less than adequate in most areas, except Dade County. Hay supplies continued to be extremely short across the State. Hay producers lost 1 to 2 cuttings of hay.

Late June conditions were not conducive to the bloom and pegging stages of peanuts, but **July's** outlook quickly changed in the presence of scattered showers. Cotton and hay growth also improved. In some central and southern locations surplus moisture was reported, including minor flooding in Dade County. Martin County reported having enough moisture for successful field crops. More rain was still needed though. Pecan trees in Jefferson County suffered a slight nut drop from dry conditions. Farmers awaited more rain to ensure proper hay growth before making the first cut. Mid-July rains aided in soil moisture for many fields, but areas which received no rain continued to be in severe drought. Weeds caused problems for several Panhandle localities.

In Jackson County, irrigated peanuts progressed normally in **August**, while dryland peanuts were behind schedule due to drought stress. Hay growth improved in some fields and baling got underway; however, a considerable amount of hay fields had little growth. In Washington County, peanuts and cotton production levels were reported below normal, but received an occasional boost from intermittent rains. Cotton bloomed in Santa Rosa County by mid-August. In drier regions of the Panhandle, some peanut condition declined. A few fields in Jefferson County experienced soybean rust. Field crops that survived planting problems and early drought recovered only somewhat, especially corn.

In early **September**, peanut harvesting was taking place in some areas slightly behind schedule. Previous hot, dry weather accelerated maturity of early peanuts and cotton planted, which resulted in poor quality and low yields in Santa Rosa, Jefferson, and Escambia counties. Hay baling continued, but the presence of insects caused problems in some Panhandle and central Peninsula locations. In some areas, Tomato Spotted Wilt Virus caused problems as well. The costs of irrigating corn fields seemed to offset gains made with record high prices. In the Panhandle, some pecan trees not receiving enough water were in poor condition. Frequent, mid-month showers improved crop and soil conditions. Only some cotton was defoliated before being picked. Peanut harvesting proceeded rapidly by late September, with yields from irrigated fields better than expected.

October turned out to be a rainy and sometimes stormy month. The rains improved late plantings of peanuts; however, nut maturities and yields varied. Only some peanut crops were able to recover from previous drought damage, such as leaf spot. Rains helped to loosen soils for harvesting, but at the same time delayed field work. Insects continued to cause problems for hay and soybeans. Hay and cotton harvesting remained active with crops reported as light. The pecan crop bounced back despite storm and drought damage. Tornadoes and torrential rains hit Escambia and Santa Rosa counties. By late October, hot temperatures delayed digging of ornamentals and planting of small grains.

Field crop harvesting continued throughout **November**. Hay growers experienced a short crop due to unfavorable conditions this season. Cotton and peanut harvesting stayed active; however, frosty temperatures somewhat lowered crop quality. Field-grown deciduous trees were able to be dug after the freeze. Dry weather in many Panhandle and northern Peninsula areas hindered the germination of small grains, ryegrass, and clover. Some winter wheat planting was delayed by dryness as well. Pecan harvesting began as the last hay cuttings were made. By late November, peanut harvesting wrapped up.

In **December** most cotton picking was finished except for Santa Rosa County. Pecan harvesting continued near Bradford County. Sugarcane harvesting began in the Everglades region. Growers were able to plant winter wheat in Panhandle counties. Rainfall over the Panhandle and northern Peninsula improved soil moisture levels and field conditions. However, soil remained extremely dry in some central and most southern Peninsula areas, leaving growers to rely on irrigation systems.

FLORIDA FIELD CROPS

Acreage, yield, production, and value, crop years 1998 through 2007 ^{1/}

Crop and year	Area		Yield	Production	Season average price	Value of production
	Planted	Harvested				
	<i>1,000 acres</i>				<i>Dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
Corn ^{2/}			<i>Bushels</i>	<i>1,000 bushels</i>		
1998	160	55	62	3,410	2.30	7,843
1999	90	40	93	3,720	2.32	8,630
2000	85	25	75	1,875	2.24	4,200
2001	65	26	87	2,262	2.25	5,090
2002	75	37	96	3,552	2.60	9,235
2003	75	39	82	3,198	2.55	8,155
2004	70	32	90	2,880	2.30	6,624
2005	65	28	94	2,632	2.00	5,264
2006	60	30	82	2,460	2.80	6,888
2007	75	35	95	3,325	3.80	12,635
Cotton ^{3/}			<i>Pounds</i>	<i>1,000 bales</i>		
1998	89.0	80.0	489	81.5	0.542	21,203
1999	107.0	106.0	516	114.0	0.425	23,256
2000	130.0	106.0	480	106.0	0.565	28,747
2001	125.0	124.0	612	158.0	0.295	22,373
2002	120.0	105.0	439	96.0	0.440	20,275
2003	94.0	92.0	610	117.0	0.655	36,785
2004	89.0	87.0	601	109.0	0.464	24,276
2005	86.0	85.0	762	135.0	0.480	31,104
2006	103.0	101.0	789	166.0	0.462	36,812
2007	85.0	81.0	652	110.0	0.480	25,344
Cottonseed				<i>1,000 tons</i>		
1998	--	--	--	26.0	110.00	2,860
1999	--	--	--	36.0	85.50	3,078
2000	--	--	--	38.0	100.00	3,800
2001	--	--	--	53.0	71.50	3,790
2002	--	--	--	29.0	81.50	2,364
2003	--	--	--	37.0	99.00	3,663
2004	--	--	--	35.0	86.00	3,010
2005	--	--	--	41.1	75.00	3,083
2006	--	--	--	49.3	92.50	4,560
2007	--	--	--	34.0	161.00	5,474

^{1/} All 2007 estimates are preliminary.

^{2/} Planted for all purposes; harvested for grain.

^{3/} Production in 480 pound net weight bales.

FLORIDA FIELD CROPS

Acreage, yield, production, and value, crop years 1998 through 2007 ^{1/}

Crop and year	Area		Yield	Production	Season average price	Value of production
	Planted	Harvested				
	<i>1,000 acres</i>				<i>Dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
Hay, All			<i>Tons</i>	<i>1,000 tons</i>		
1998	--	230	2.50	575	114.00	65,550
1999	--	260	2.90	754	95.50	72,007
2000	--	270	2.50	675	82.00	55,350
2001	--	270	2.80	756	96.00	72,576
2002	--	280	2.80	784	97.00	76,048
2003	--	255	2.50	638	90.00	57,420
2004	--	260	2.50	650	93.00	60,450
2005	--	290	2.45	711	98.50	70,034
2006	--	260	2.30	598	101.00	60,398
2007	--	300	2.60	780	116.00	90,480
Peanuts ^{2/}			<i>Pounds</i>	<i>1,000 pounds</i>		
1998	98	90	2,590	233,100	0.298	69,464
1999	102	94	2,770	260,380	0.232	60,408
2000	94	86	2,485	213,710	0.300	64,113
2001	90	82	3,050	250,100	0.215	53,772
2002	96	86	2,300	197,800	0.178	35,208
2003	125	115	3,000	345,000	0.185	63,825
2004	145	130	2,800	364,000	0.181	65,884
2005	160	152	2,700	410,400	0.167	68,537
2006	130	120	2,500	300,000	0.173	51,900
2007	130	119	2,700	321,300	0.188	60,404
Soybeans ^{2/}			<i>Bushels</i>	<i>1,000 bushels</i>		
1998	35	30	23	690	5.20	3,588
1999	20	19	32	608	4.65	2,827
2000	20	15	19	285	4.45	1,268
2001	10	9	29	261	4.20	1,096
2002	10	9	33	297	5.35	1,589
2003	13	12	30	360	6.90	2,484
2004	19	17	34	578	5.60	3,237
2005	9	8	32	256	5.40	1,382
2006	7	5	27	135	6.25	844
2007	14	12	24	288	8.90	2,563

^{1/} All 2007 estimates are preliminary.

^{2/} Planted for all purposes; harvested for dry nuts or beans.

FLORIDA FIELD CROPS

Acres, yield, production, and value, crop years 1998 through 2007 ^{1/}

Crop and year	Area		Yield	Production	Season average price	Value of production
	Planted	Harvested				
	1,000 acres				Dollars	1,000 dollars
			Tons	1,000 tons		
Sugarcane For Sugar and Seed						
1998	--	447	40.1	17,925	29.50	528,788
1999	--	460	35.0	16,100	27.20	437,920
2000	--	454	37.5	17,041	28.60	487,373
2001	--	465	35.1	16,338	31.70	517,915
2002	--	461	38.3	17,653	31.70	559,600
2003	--	438	39.3	17,231	31.55	549,669
2004	--	406	35.2	14,281	30.30	432,714
2005	--	401	31.8	12,746	28.00	356,888
2006	--	400	35.9	14,346	31.10	446,161
2007	--	396	36.9	14,619	2/	2/
			Tons	1,000 tons		
Sugarcane For Sugar						
1998	--	426	40.1	17,083	29.50	503,949
1999	--	443	35.0	15,505	27.20	421,736
2000	--	436	37.5	16,350	28.60	467,610
2001	--	445	35.1	15,620	31.70	495,154
2002	--	442	38.3	16,929	31.70	536,649
2003	--	419	39.3	16,467	31.90	525,297
2004	--	385	34.9	13,437	30.30	407,141
2005	--	376	31.4	11,806	28.00	330,568
2006	--	382	35.8	13,676	31.10	425,324
2007	--	378	36.8	13,910	2/	2/
			Pounds	1,000 pounds		
Tobacco, Flue-Cured, Type 14						
1998	--	6.8	2,515	17,102	1.697	29,022
1999	--	5.8	2,640	15,312	1.730	26,490
2000	--	4.5	2,550	11,475	1.730	19,852
2001	--	4.5	2,600	11,700	1.871	21,891
2002	--	4.6	2,600	11,960	1.879	22,473
2003	--	4.4	2,500	11,000	1.851	20,361
2004	--	4.0	2,450	9,800	1.849	18,120
2005	--	2.5	2,200	5,500	1.509	8,300
2006	--	1.1	2,600	2,860	1.510	4,319
2007 3/						

^{1/} All 2007 estimates are preliminary.

^{2/} Estimates of season average price and value of production for the 2007 crop will be available February 2009.

^{3/} Estimates discontinued in 2007.

FLORIDA FIELD CROPS

Acreage, yield, production, and value, crop years 1998 through 2007 ^{1/}

Crop and year	Area		Yield	Production	Season average price	Value of production
	Planted	Harvested				
	1,000 acres		Bushels	1,000 bushels	Dollars	1,000 dollars
Wheat						
1998	15	13	43	559	2.50	1,398
1999	16	13	40	520	2.45	1,274
2000	13	9	49	441	2.25	992
2001	10	9	41	369	2.25	830
2002	19	7	35	245	2.40	588
2003	20	12	41	492	3.00	1,476
2004	18	15	45	675	3.45	2,329
2005	18	8	45	360	3.10	1,116
2006	8	5	42	210	3.15	662
2007	13	9	57	513	4.30	2,206

^{1/} All 2007 estimates are preliminary.

FLORIDA PECANS

Production, price and value, crop years 1998 through 2007

Crop and year	Utilized production			Season average price		
	Varieties		Total	Varieties		Total
	Improved	Native and seedling		Improved	Native and seedling	
	1,000 pounds			Cents		
1998	200	1,100	1,300	110.0	75.0	80.4
1999	1,100	2,600	3,700	90.0	65.0	72.4
2000	1,200	2,100	3,300	105.0	60.0	76.4
2001	1,200	2,100	3,300	51.0	42.0	45.3
2002	500	900	1,400	87.0	50.0	63.2
2003	500	1,600	2,100	100.0	60.0	69.5
2004	400	100	500	150.0	95.0	139.0
2005	300	700	1,000	140.0	85.0	102.0
2006	200	300	500	180.0	150.0	162.0
2007	900	100	1,000	100.0	70.0	97.0

FLORIDA PECANS

Value of utilized production, crop years 1998 through 2007

Crop year	Varieties		Total
	Improved	Native and seedling	
	<i>1,000 dollars</i>		
1998	220	825	1,045
1999	990	1,690	2,680
2000	1,260	1,260	2,520
2001	612	882	1,494
2002	435	450	885
2003	500	960	1,460
2004	600	95	695
2005	420	595	1,015
2006	360	450	810
2007	900	70	970

FLORIDA CORN

Acreage, yield and production, by district and county, 2006 and 2007

District and county	Planted for all purposes		Harvested for grain		Yield per acre		Production	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	<i>Acres</i>				<i>Bushels</i>			
District 10								
Escambia	2,200	4,500	1,700	2,000	63.0	100.0	107,100	199,900
Gadsden	1,400	1,500	1,300	1,400	85.0	70.1	110,500	98,100
Holmes	1,500	2,200	1,400	1,500	70.0	69.3	98,000	104,000
Jackson	7,300	9,800	4,700	6,200	109.4	100.9	514,170	625,400
Jefferson	3,700	^{1/}	3,200	^{1/}	89.0	^{1/}	284,800	^{1/}
Okaloosa	500	500	400	400	63.0	66.0	25,200	26,400
Santa Rosa	300	600	300	400	60.0	67.0	18,000	26,800
Walton	800	2,000	500	1,000	62.0	63.0	31,000	63,000
Washington	1,900	1,900	900	800	102.7	93.8	92,430	75,000
Other counties	1,900	6,500	600	4,000	68.0	82.5	40,800	330,100
Total	21,500	29,500	15,000	17,700	88.1	87.5	1,322,000	1,548,700
District 30								
Columbia	600	^{1/}	500	^{1/}	31.7	^{1/}	15,850	^{1/}
Hamilton	3,600	4,900	3,500	4,300	130.0	135.0	455,000	580,500
Madison	5,000	6,900	3,600	4,300	48.5	60.0	174,600	258,000
Suwannee	7,100	7,100	2,000	2,300	78.2	106.2	156,400	244,200
Other counties	3,200	6,000	2,500	3,200	85.8	161.7	214,550	517,300
Total	19,500	24,900	12,100	14,100	84.0	113.5	1,016,400	1,600,000
Other, State	19,000	20,600	2,900	3,200	41.9	55.1	121,600	176,300
State Total	60,000	75,000	30,000	35,000	82.0	95.0	2,460,000	3,325,000

^{1/} Included in Other counties.

FLORIDA PEANUTS

Acreage, yield and production, by district and county, 2005 and 2006

District and county	Planted for all purposes		Harvested for dry peanuts		Yield per acre		Production	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
	Acres				Pounds		1,000 pounds	
District 10								
Calhoun	3,100	2,800	2,800	2,600	2,460	2,615	6,888	6,799
Escambia	9,000	5,700	8,600	5,300	2,720	2,645	23,392	14,019
Gadsden	1,300	900	1,300	900	1,930	2,260	2,509	2,034
Holmes	5,100	4,900	4,900	4,600	2,350	2,810	11,515	12,926
Jackson	37,000	30,600	35,400	28,600	2,460	2,175	87,084	62,205
Jefferson	2,400	1,800	2,100	1,700	2,660	2,250	5,586	3,825
Okaloosa	3,200	2,000	3,100	1,900	2,600	2,515	8,060	4,778
Santa Rosa	20,600	15,300	19,800	13,900	2,930	2,625	58,014	36,488
Walton	5,100	2,500	4,900	2,500	2,110	2,270	10,339	5,675
Washington	2,000	2,400	1,900	2,200	3,510	2,810	6,669	6,182
Total	88,800	68,900	84,800	64,200	2,595	2,413	220,056	154,931
District 30								
Columbia	4,700	4,000	4,400	3,500	2,490	2,305	10,956	8,068
Hamilton	3,600	3,300	3,400	3,000	2,690	2,395	9,146	7,185
Lafayette	1,500	1,600	1,400	1,400	2,615	2,360	3,661	3,304
Madison	8,000	7,200	7,400	6,500	2,540	2,500	18,796	16,250
Suwannee	9,100	9,600	8,400	8,800	3,505	2,840	29,441	24,992
Total	26,900	25,700	25,000	23,200	2,880	2,578	72,000	59,799
District 50								
Alachua	6,400	4,300	6,300	4,100	2,440	3,375	15,372	13,838
Gilchrist	3,700	4,900	3,400	4,500	3,315	2,000	11,271	9,000
Levy	19,000	14,100	18,400	13,400	2,905	2,700	53,444	36,180
Marion	9,100	6,700	8,500	6,000	2,830	2,510	24,055	15,060
Sumter	1,200	1,300	1,100	1,100	2,660	2,230	2,926	2,453
Total	39,400	31,300	37,700	29,100	2,840	2,630	107,068	76,531
Other, State	4,900	4,100	4,500	3,500	2,505	2,497	11,276	8,739
State Total	160,000	130,000	152,000	120,000	2,700	2,500	410,400	300,000

^{1/} Insufficient reports to publish.

FLORIDA SOYBEANS

Acreage, yield and production, by district and county, 2006 and 2007

District and county	Planted for all purposes		Harvested for beans		Yield per acre		Production	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	<i>Acres</i>				<i>Bushels</i>			
District 10								
Escambia	1,000	2,500	700	2,300	28.3	21.0	19,800	48,300
Jackson	1,700	3,300	1,600	2,400	25.6	28.0	40,900	67,100
Other counties	2,800	5,900	1,500	5,100	30.3	23.3	45,400	118,700
Total	5,500	11,700	3,800	9,800	27.9	23.9	106,100	234,100
District 30								
Madison	1,000	1,600	800	1,500	24.9	23.9	19,900	35,800
Other counties	500	700	400	700	22.5	25.9	9,000	18,100
Total	1,500	2,300	1,200	2,200	24.1	24.5	28,900	53,900
State Total	7,000	14,000	5,000	12,000	27.0	24.0	135,000	288,000

FLORIDA TOBACCO, FLUE-CURED, TYPE 14

Acreage, yield and production, by district and county, 2006

District and county	Harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	<i>Acres</i>		<i>Pounds</i>			
State Total	1,100	^{1/}	2,600	^{1/}	2,860,000	^{1/}

^{1/} Tobacco county estimates discontinued in 2007 due to limited number of growers.

FLORIDA COTTON

Acreage, yield and production, by district and county, 2005 and 2006

District and county	Planted		Harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
	<i>Acres</i>				<i>Pounds</i>		<i>Bales</i>	
District 10								
Calhoun	8,500	9,100	8,400	9,000	743	891	13,000	16,700
Escambia	11,100	14,600	11,000	14,500	751	732	17,200	22,100
Holmes	2,200	2,500	2,100	2,500	754	730	3,300	3,800
Jackson	34,500	38,300	34,300	37,100	778	753	55,600	58,200
Jefferson	500	^{1/}	500	^{1/}	768	^{1/}	800	^{1/}
Okaloosa	2,800	3,600	2,700	3,500	764	699	4,300	5,100
Santa Rosa	19,300	24,500	19,200	24,300	750	899	30,000	45,500
Walton	3,300	4,400	3,200	4,300	780	681	5,200	6,100
Washington	2,500	2,700	2,400	2,600	760	683	3,800	3,700
Total	84,700	101,800	83,800	99,900	763	790	133,200	164,400
Other, State	1,300	3,300	1,200	3,200	720	720	1,800	4,800
State Total	86,000	103,000	85,000	101,000	762	789	135,000	166,000

^{1/} Included in Other, State

FLORIDA SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR

Acreage, yield and production, by county, 2005 and 2006

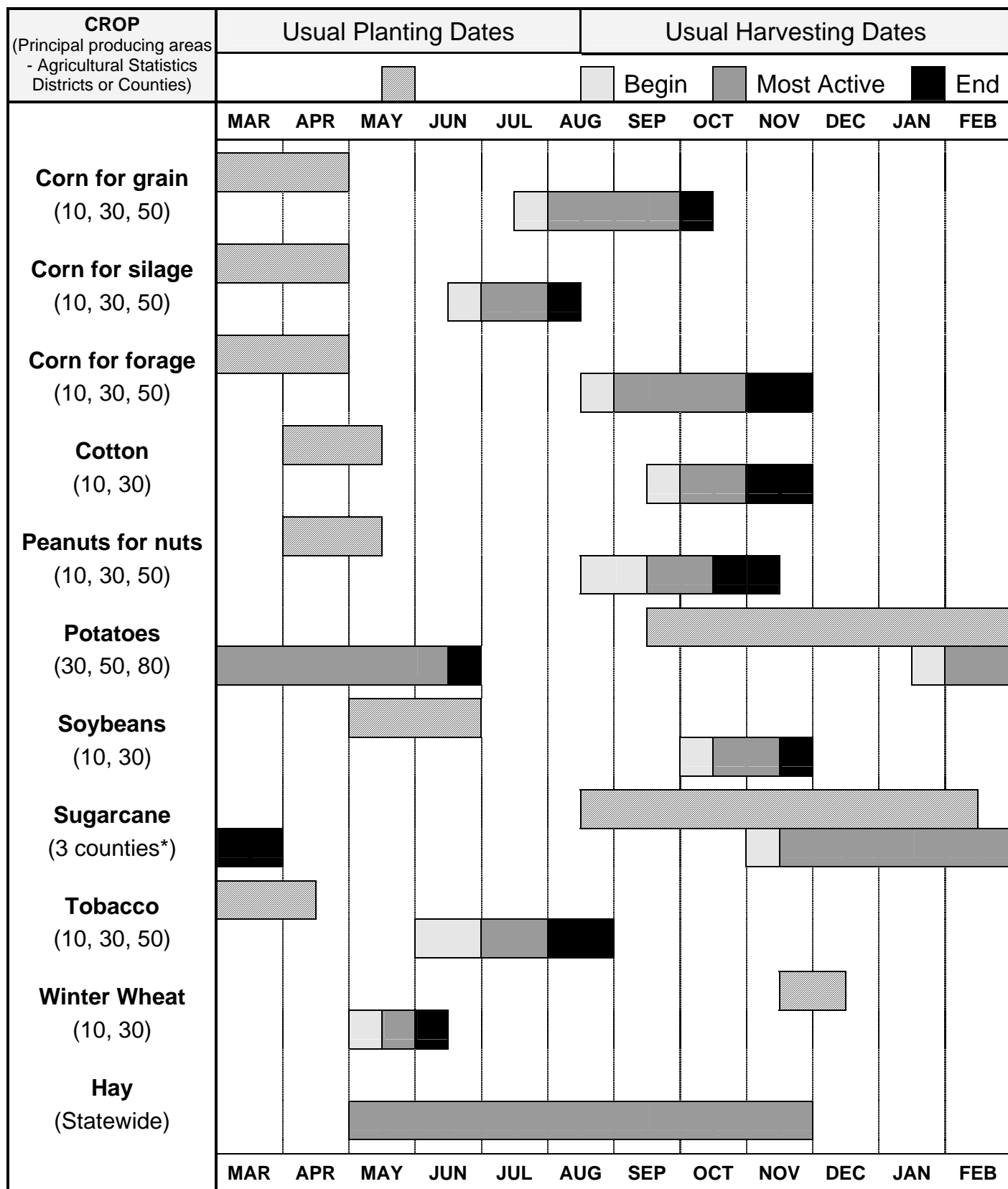
District and county	Harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
	<i>Acres</i>		<i>Tons</i>			
Glades	34,000	35,000	35.0	42.0	1,190,000	1,470,000
Hendry	30,000	30,000	35.0	42.0	1,050,000	1,260,000
Palm Beach	312,000	317,000	30.7	34.5	9,566,000	10,946,000
State Total	376,000	382,000	31.4	35.8	11,806,000	13,676,000

FLORIDA WHEAT

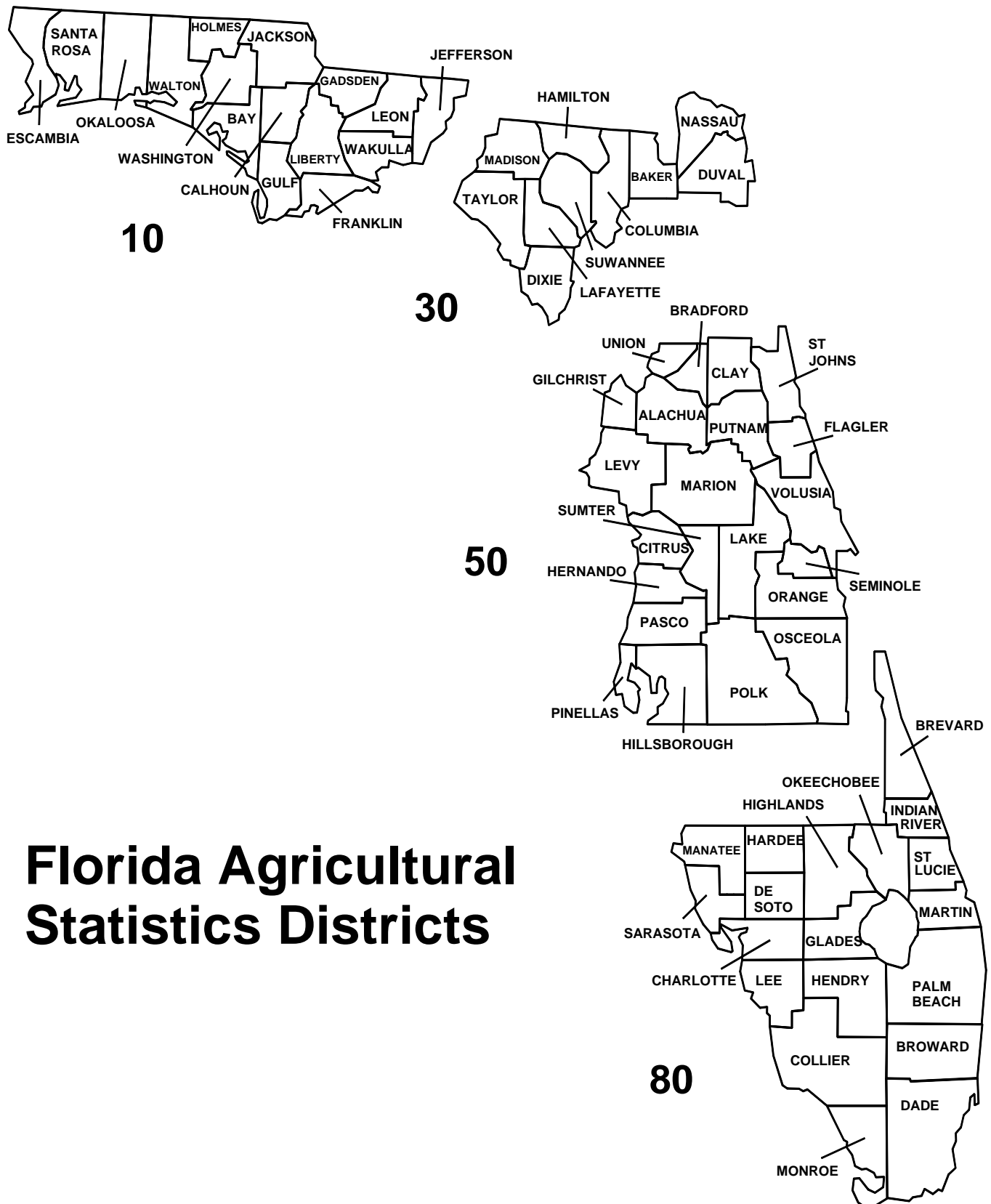
Acreage, yield and production, by district, 2006 and 2007

District	Planted for all purposes		Harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	<i>Acres</i>				<i>Bushels</i>			
District 10	6,200	10,000	3,900	7,700	42.3	58.9	164,800	453,650
Other, State	1,800	3,000	1,100	1,300	41.1	45.7	45,200	59,350
State Total	8,000	13,000	5,000	9,000	42.0	57.0	210,000	513,000

PLANTING AND HARVESTING SEASONS OF SELECTED FLORIDA FIELD CROPS



* Palm Beach, Hendry and Glades



Florida Agricultural Statistics Districts